

Towards Higher Coalgebras: The Enriched Case

PPOS Online Seminar



Henning Basold

Leiden Institute of Advanced Computer Science
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**Universiteit
Leiden**
The Netherlands

Outline

Introduction and Motivation

Higher Coalgebra

Homotopy-Invariant Modal Logic

Wrapping Up

Introduction and Motivation

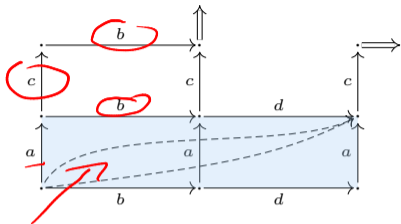
Homotopy theory and algebraic topology for behaviour

- ▶ (Weak) homotopy equivalence of systems
- ▶ Homotopy-invariant logic
- ▶ Homological algebra to find behavioural obstructions

Examples

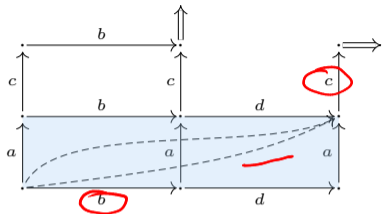
- ▶ Concurrent computing — detecting deadlocks
- ▶ Distributed computing — computability results
- ▶ Hybrid computing — detecting Zeno behaviour

(i) Pomset Languages of Higher-Dimensional Automata (HDA)



¹Uli Fahrenberg et al. "Languages of Higher-Dimensional Automata". In: *Math. Struct. Comput. Sci.* 31.5 (2021), pp. 575–613. DOI: 10.1017/S0960129521000293.

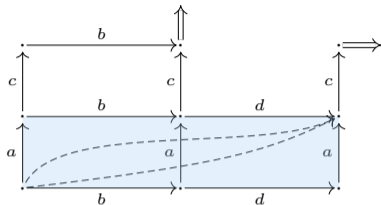
(i) Pomset Languages of Higher-Dimensional Automata (HDA)



$$\left\{ \left(a \rightarrow b \rightarrow c \right), \left(a \rightarrow c \rightarrow b \right), \left(b \rightarrow a \rightarrow c \right), \right. \\ \left. \left(a \rightarrow b \rightarrow d \rightarrow c \right), \left(b \rightarrow a \rightarrow d \rightarrow c \right), \left(b \rightarrow d \rightarrow a \rightarrow c \right), \right. \\ \left. \left(\begin{array}{l} a \\ \searrow \\ b \end{array} \rightarrow c \right), \left(\begin{array}{l} a \\ \searrow \\ b \rightarrow d \end{array} \rightarrow c \right), \left(\begin{array}{l} a \\ \searrow \\ b \end{array} \rightarrow d \rightarrow c \right), \left(\begin{array}{c} a \\ \nearrow \\ b \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} a \\ \searrow \\ d \end{array} \rightarrow c \right) \right\}$$

¹Uli Fahrenberg et al. "Languages of Higher-Dimensional Automata". In: *Math. Struct. Comput. Sci.* 31.5 (2021), pp. 575–613. DOI: 10.1017/S0960129521000293.

(i) Pomset Languages of Higher-Dimensional Automata (HDA)

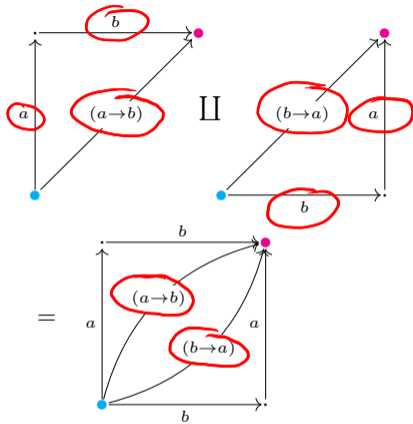


$$\left\{ \left(a \rightarrow b \rightarrow c \right), \left(a \rightarrow c \rightarrow b \right), \left(b \rightarrow a \rightarrow c \right), \right. \\ \left. \left(a \rightarrow b \rightarrow d \rightarrow c \right), \left(b \rightarrow a \rightarrow d \rightarrow c \right), \left(b \rightarrow d \rightarrow a \rightarrow c \right), \right. \\ \left. \left(\begin{array}{c} a \\ \searrow \\ b \end{array} \rightarrow c \right), \left(\begin{array}{c} a \\ \searrow \\ b \rightarrow d \end{array} \rightarrow c \right), \left(\begin{array}{c} a \\ \searrow \\ b \end{array} \rightarrow d \rightarrow c \right), \left(\begin{array}{c} a \\ \searrow \\ b \rightarrow d \end{array} \rightarrow c \right) \right\}$$

- ▶ We want homotopy between pomsets
- ▶ Naively imposing them collapses them to free commutative monoid
- ▶ Issue: the cubes of HDA are a representation of topological spaces, but HDA conflate behaviour (computation direction and labelling) with the space representation
- ▶ Potential solution: simplicial set of ipomsets for labelling, similar to HDA labelling¹
- ▶ Generally: Coalgebras can achieve separation of space and behaviour

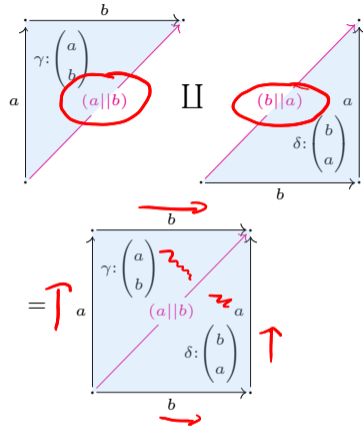
¹Uli Fahrenberg et al. "Languages of Higher-Dimensional Automata". In: *Math. Struct. Comput. Sci.* 31.5 (2021), pp. 575–613. DOI: 10.1017/S0960129521000293.

Homotopy for (i)Pomsets



No relation

$$a \bullet b \not\sim b \bullet a$$



Homotopy via 2-cells

$$a \bullet b \stackrel{\gamma}{\sim} a||b = b||a \stackrel{\delta}{\sim} b \bullet a$$

Behaviour via Coalgebras



- ▶ Behaviour from repeated observation of a space X via map $c: X \rightarrow FX$
- ▶ Functor $F: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ on a category \mathcal{C} determines the type of observations

Example (Hybrid Systems as Coalgebras)

- ▶ Hybrid system as space and a coalgebra that specifies the trajectories in the space²
- ▶ **Top** “convenient” category of topological spaces that is (co)complete, Cartesian closed, and has CW-complexes, like compactly generated Hausdorff spaces or Δ -spaces³
- ▶ Define a functor $H: \mathbf{Top} \rightarrow \mathbf{Top}$ by

$$HX = \{(\varrho, d) \in X^{\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}} \times [0, \infty] \mid \varrho \circ \min(-, d) = \varrho\} \quad \text{and} \quad (Hf)(\varrho, d) = (f \circ \varrho, d)$$

- ▶ A coalgebra $c: X \rightarrow HX$ continuously assigns to $x \in X$ a pair (ϱ, d) of trajectory $\varrho: \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \rightarrow X$ that is constant after duration d .
- ▶ Can be refined to ensure that the trajectory $c(x)$ has x as starting point etc.

²Renato Neves et al. “Continuity as a Computational Effect”. In: *Journal of Logical and Algebraic Methods in Programming. Articles Dedicated to Prof. J. N. Oliveira on the Occasion of His 60th Birthday 85* (5, Part 2 Aug. 1, 2016), pp. 1057–1085. ISSN: 2352-2208. DOI: 10.1016/j.jlamp.2016.05.005.

³J. Peter May. *A Concise Course in Algebraic Topology*. Chicago Lectures in Mathematics. University of Chicago Press, Sept. 1999. 254 pp. ISBN: 978-0-226-51183-2. URL: <https://www.math.uchicago.edu/~may/CONCISE/>.

Behaviour of Coalgebras

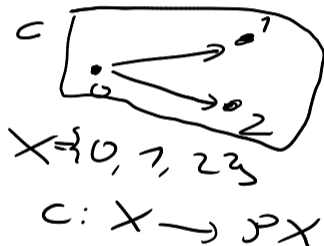
- ▶ Behaviour of coalgebra c by recursively expanding observations into a sequence

$$X \xrightarrow{c} FX \xrightarrow{Fc} F(FX) \xrightarrow{F(Fc)} \dots$$

$$X \xrightarrow{c} FX$$

- ▶ Gives in the limit a total view on behaviour of c^4 , if that exists
- ▶ Traces and logical formulas are partial view on this sequence
- ▶ Coalgebra homomorphisms relate the behaviour of systems

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \xrightarrow{f} & Y \\ c \downarrow & & \downarrow d \\ FX & \xrightarrow{Ff} & FY \end{array} \quad \leftarrow$$



- ▶ Coalgebra homomorphisms preserve and reflect the behaviour
- ▶ Behaviour of the image f in d is equal to that of c
- ▶ Often coincide with bisimilarity⁵, but we want **homotopic** behaviour

⁴Michael Barr. "Terminal Coalgebras in Well-Founded Set Theory". In: *Theoretical Computer Science* 114.2 (1993), pp. 299–315. DOI: 10.1016/0304-3975(93)90076-6.

⁵Sam Staton. "Relating Coalgebraic Notions of Bisimulation". In: *Logical Methods in Computer Science* 7.1 (2011), pp. 1–21. DOI: 10.2168/LMCS-7(1:13)2011.

Higher Coalgebra

Homotopy Coherence via Topological Enrichment

Topological Enrichment

$\underline{\mathcal{C}}$ is a **Top**-enriched category if

- ▶ it has objects
- ▶ it has a space $\underline{\mathcal{C}}(X, Y) \in \mathbf{Top}$ for all objects X, Y
- ▶ there are continuous composition maps $c_{X, Y, Z}: \underline{\mathcal{C}}(Y, Z) \times \underline{\mathcal{C}}(X, Y) \rightarrow \underline{\mathcal{C}}(X, Z)$
- ▶ there is an identity $\text{id}_X: * \rightarrow \underline{\mathcal{C}}(X, X)$ for all objects X
- ▶ an associativity and two unit diagrams commute

Top is Top-enriched
← set of cont. has a topology

Enrichment (plus other things) enables homotopy theory⁶

- ▶ Define a homotopy $h: f \Rightarrow g$ between $f, g \in \underline{\mathcal{C}}(X, Y)$ to be a continuous map $h: [0, 1] \rightarrow \underline{\mathcal{C}}(X, Y)$ with $h(0) = f$ and $h(1) = g$
- ▶ Write $f \sim g$ if there is some homotopy $f \Rightarrow g$

⁶Emily Riehl. *Categorical Homotopy Theory*. New Mathematical Monographs 24. Cambridge University Press, 2014. ISBN: 978-1-107-04845-4. URL: <https://math.jhu.edu/~eriehl/cathoty/>; Michael Shulman. *Homotopy Limits and Colimits and Enriched Homotopy Theory*. June 30, 2009. DOI: 10.48550/arXiv.math/0610194. arXiv: math/0610194. preprint.

Behaviour up to Homotopy

Example

- ▶ Continuous maps form a space $\mathbf{Top}(X, Y)$ and composition continuous because \mathbf{Top} is Cartesian closed
- ▶ This makes \mathbf{Top} a \mathbf{Top} -enriched category
- ▶ Call $f: X \rightarrow Y$ a **homotopical coalgebra morphism** from $c: X \rightarrow HX$ to $d: Y \rightarrow HY$ if it comes with a homotopy $h: Hf \circ c \Rightarrow d \circ f$
- ▶ The functor H is \mathbf{Top} -enriched, that is, $H_{X,Y}: \mathbf{Top}(X, Y) \rightarrow \mathbf{Top}(HX, HY)$ is continuous
- ▶ Hence, homotopy $h: f \rightarrow g$ can be mapped to a homotopy $Hh: Hf \rightarrow Hg$ by $Hh = H_{X,Y} \circ h$
- ▶ Obtain a sequence of homotopies

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 X & \xrightarrow{c} & HX & \xrightarrow{Hc} & H(HX) & \xrightarrow{H(Hc)} & H^3X & \longrightarrow & \dots \\
 \downarrow f & \swarrow h & \downarrow Hf & \swarrow Hh & \downarrow H(Hf) & \swarrow H(Hh) & \downarrow H^3f & & \\
 Y & \xrightarrow{d} & HY & \xrightarrow{Hd} & H(HY) & \xrightarrow{H(Hd)} & H^3Y & \longrightarrow & \dots
 \end{array}$$

2

Higher Coalgebra

Commutativity up to homotopy

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \xrightarrow{c} & FX \\ f \downarrow & \sim & \downarrow Ff \\ Y & \xrightarrow{d} & FY \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{ccccccc} X & \xrightarrow{c} & FX & \xrightarrow{Fc} & F(FX) & \xrightarrow{F(Fc)} & \dots \\ | & & | & & | & & \\ f & \sim & Ff & \sim & F(Ff) & \sim & \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \\ Y & \xrightarrow{d} & FY & \xrightarrow{Fd} & F(FY) & \xrightarrow{F(Fd)} & \dots \end{array}$$

Long-term: homotopy theory of systems as higher coalgebra theory

- ▶ inspired by coalgebra⁷ and higher algebra⁸
- ▶ use $(\infty, 1)$ -categories to track homotopies
- ▶ the homotopy coherent nerve $N\underline{\mathcal{C}}$ of a **Top**-enriched category is a model⁹
- ▶ homotopy (co)limits, obstruction theory via (co)homology, homotopy-invariant modal logic, ...

⁷Jan Rutten. “Universal Coalgebra: A Theory of Systems”. In: *Theor. Comput. Sci.* 249.1 (2000), pp. 3–80. ISSN: 0304-3975. DOI: 10.1016/S0304-3975(00)00056-6.

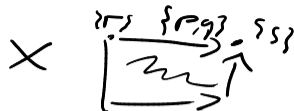
⁸Jacob Lurie. *Higher Algebra*. Sept. 2017. URL: <https://www.math.ias.edu/~lurie/papers/HA.pdf>.

⁹Jacob Lurie. *Higher Topos Theory*. Annals of Mathematics Studies 170. Princeton University Press, 2009. ISBN: 978-0-691-14049-0. arXiv: math/0608040.

Homotopy-Invariant Modal Logic

Modal Logic on HDA

Show modalities and homotopy axiom¹⁰



$$\varphi ::= p \mid \perp \mid \varphi \rightarrow \varphi \mid \diamond^\uparrow \varphi \mid \diamond^\downarrow \varphi$$

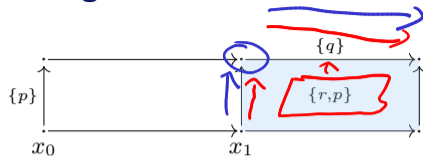
- ▶ $\diamond^\uparrow \varphi$ holds if some action can be started and φ holds during execution
- ▶ $\diamond^\downarrow \varphi$ holds if some action can be ended and φ holds afterwards

Interpretation over an HDA with cubes X

$$\begin{aligned} \llbracket \diamond^\uparrow \varphi \rrbracket_n &= \{x \in X_n \mid \exists x' \in X_{n+1}. x \text{ is a boundary cell of } x' \text{ and } x' \in \llbracket \varphi \rrbracket_{n+1}\} \\ \llbracket \diamond^\downarrow \varphi \rrbracket_{n+1} &= \{x \in X_{n+1} \mid \exists x' \in X_n. x' \text{ is a boundary cell of } x \text{ and } x' \in \llbracket \varphi \rrbracket_n\} \\ x \models \varphi &\iff \exists n. x \in \llbracket \varphi \rrbracket_n \end{aligned}$$

¹⁰Cristian Prisacariu. “Modal Logic over Higher Dimensional Automata”. In: *Proc. of CONCUR 2010*. 2010, pp. 494–508. DOI: 10.1007/978-3-642-15375-4_34.

Homotopy-Invariance for HDA Logic



Example

$$x_0 \models \Diamond^\uparrow p$$

$$x_1 \models \Diamond^\uparrow \Diamond^\uparrow r \wedge p$$

$$x_1 \models \overset{\cdot}{\Diamond}^\uparrow \overset{\cdot}{\Diamond}^\uparrow \Diamond^\downarrow q$$

$$x_1 \models \Diamond^\uparrow \Diamond^\downarrow \overset{\cdot}{\Diamond}^\uparrow q$$

Interchange Axioms¹¹

$$\Diamond^\uparrow \Diamond^\uparrow \Diamond^\downarrow \varphi \rightarrow \Diamond^\uparrow \Diamond^\downarrow \Diamond^\uparrow \varphi \quad (\text{A10})$$

$$\Diamond^\uparrow \Diamond^\downarrow \Diamond^\downarrow \varphi \rightarrow \Diamond^\downarrow \Diamond^\uparrow \Diamond^\downarrow \varphi \quad (\text{A10}')$$

¹¹Cristian Prisacariu. *Higher Dimensional Modal Logic*. 2014. arXiv: 1405.4100. URL: <http://arxiv.org/abs/1405.4100>. preprint.

Coalgebraic Modal Logic

One view based on dual adjunctions, so-called logical connections¹²

$$F \overset{\circlearrowright}{\curvearrowright} \mathcal{C} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{P} \\ \perp \\ \xleftarrow{Q} \end{array} \mathcal{D}^{\text{op}} \overset{\circlearrowleft}{\curvearrowleft} L^{\text{op}} \quad \text{and} \quad \varrho: PF \rightarrow L^{\text{op}}P \quad \text{and} \quad \alpha: L\Phi \rightarrow \Phi$$

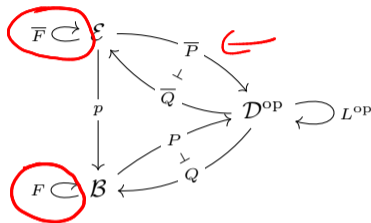
Components

- ▶ \mathcal{C} category for “states” in coalgebras
- ▶ F behaviour functor to get coalgebras $X \rightarrow FX$
- ▶ \mathcal{D} typically category of algebras for logical operators
- ▶ L specifies modal operators
- ▶ initial algebra α for syntax
- ▶ distributive law $\varrho: LP \rightarrow PF$ to give semantics of formulas in a coalgebra
- ▶ $P \dashv Q$ is often concrete duality by mapping into dualising object

¹²Dusko Pavlovic, Michael W. Mislove, and James Worrell. “Testing Semantics: Connecting Processes and Process Logics”. In: *Proceedings of Algebraic Methodology and Software Technology, 11th International Conference, AMAST 2006*. Ed. by Michael Johnson and Varmo Vene. Vol. 4019. Lecture Notes in Computer Science. Springer, 2006, pp. 308–322. DOI: 10.1007/11784180_24; Toby Wilkinson. “Enriched Coalgebraic Modal Logic”. PhD thesis. 2013. URL: <http://eprints.soton.ac.uk/354112/>.

Modal Logic for General Coinductive Predicates

Previous picture is restricted to logic for behavioural equivalence/bisimilarity!



Components¹³

- ▶ $p: \mathcal{E} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ fibration
- ▶ coalgebras for \bar{F} are proofs of coinductive predicates
- ▶ final coalgebras in fibres are typically called coinductive predicates
- ▶ soundness (adequacy) and completeness (expressiveness) results provable in this setting

¹³Clemens Kupke and Jurriaan Rot. "Expressive Logics for Coinductive Predicates". In: *Logical Methods in Computer Science* Volume 17, Issue 4 (Dec. 15, 2021). DOI: 10.46298/lmcs-17(4:19)2021.

Homotopy-Invariance for Coinductive Predicates of Hybrid Systems I/III

Focus on the fibration side

Closed predicates

$$\mathbf{cPred} = \begin{cases} \text{objects:} & (X, P) \text{ with } X \in \mathbf{Top}, P \subseteq X \text{ closed} \\ \text{morphisms:} & (X, P) \rightarrow (Y, Q) \text{ continuous map } f: X \rightarrow Y \text{ with } f^{\rightarrow}(P) \subseteq Q \end{cases}$$

- ▶ Projection $p: \mathbf{cPred} \rightarrow \mathbf{Top}$ is fibration
- ▶ Reindexing by taking preimages: for $f: X \rightarrow Y$ continuous, define $f^*: \mathbf{cPred}_Y \rightarrow \mathbf{cPred}_X$ by
$$f^*(Y, Q) = (X, f^{\leftarrow}(Q))$$
- ▶ Fibration $p: \mathbf{cPred} \rightarrow \mathbf{Top}$ is \mathbf{Top} -enriched where $\mathbf{cPred}((X, P), (Y, Q))$ has subspace topology

Homotopy-Invariance for Coinductive Predicates of Hybrid Systems I/III

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$$f^*(Y, Q) = (X, f^{\leftarrow}(Q))$$
- ▶ Fibration $p: \mathbf{cPred} \rightarrow \mathbf{Top}$ is **Top-enriched** where $\mathbf{cPred}((X, P), (Y, Q))$ has subspace topology

Enriched Fibrations

Several choices (I know)

1. (large) fibration over the same base \mathcal{B} as $\mathcal{V} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ and fibred enrichment (Shulman¹⁴)
2. base and total category enriched over a fixed \mathcal{V} (Wong and Beardsley¹⁵)
3. internal fibration in \mathcal{V} -Cat (equivalent to previous, Wong¹⁶)
4. enriched in \mathcal{V} and fibration on underlying category (B.)
5. total and base separately enriched, such that hom-objects and composition agree (Vasilakopoulou¹⁷); can be reformulated as generalisation of Shulman's version

¹⁴Michael Shulman. “Enriched Indexed Categories”. In: *Theory and Applications of Categories* 28.21 (2013), pp. 616–695. URL: <http://www.tac.mta.ca/tac/volumes/28/21/28-21abs.html>.

¹⁵Jonathan Beardsley and Liang Ze Wong. “The Enriched Grothendieck Construction”. In: *Advances in Mathematics* 344 (Feb. 2019), pp. 234–261. ISSN: 00018708. DOI: 10.1016/j.aim.2018.12.009. arXiv: 1804.03829 [math].

¹⁶Liang Ze Wong. “The Grothendieck Construction in Enriched, Internal and ∞ -Category Theory”. Thesis. 2019. URL: <https://digital.lib.washington.edu:443/researchworks/handle/1773/44365>.

¹⁷Christina Vasilakopoulou. *On Enriched Fibrations*. July 6, 2018. DOI: 10.48550/arXiv.1801.01386. arXiv: 1801.01386. preprint.

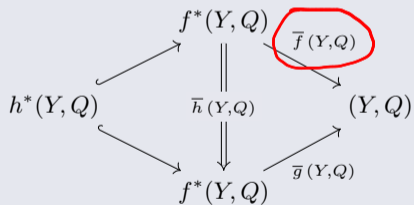
Homotopy-Invariance for Coinductive Predicates of Hybrid Systems II/III

Reindexing along a homotopy

- ▶ For homotopy $h: f \Rightarrow g: X \rightarrow Y$, define

$$h^*(Y, Q) = \{x \in X \mid \forall s. h(s)(x) \in Q\}$$

- ▶ We obtain a homotopy between Cartesian liftings



Example (A simple logic for hybrid systems)

- ▶ Family of modalities $\{\Box_t\}_{t \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}}$
- ▶ Idea: $\Box_t \varphi$ holds at x if φ holds along the trajectory that leaves x up to (and including) time t
- ▶ Define liftings $\{U_t: \mathbf{cPred} \rightarrow \mathbf{cPred}\}_{t \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}}$ of H with

$$U_t(X, P) = (HX, \{(\gamma, d) \in HX \mid \gamma^{\rightarrow}[0, t] \subseteq P\}) \quad \text{and} \quad U_t(f) = Hf$$

- ▶ Semantics of modalities in coalgebra $c: X \rightarrow HX$ as $\Psi_t^c = c^* \circ U_t: \mathbf{cPred}_X \rightarrow \mathbf{cPred}_X$
- ▶ A homotopy $h: Hf \circ c \Rightarrow d \circ f$ (f a homotopical coalgebra morphism) induces homotopy $\sigma: \Psi_t^c(\bar{f}P) \Rightarrow \bar{f}(\Psi_t^d P)$ for $P \subseteq X$ closed
- ▶ To make the logic homotopy-invariant, any such homotopy must be axiomatised

Wrapping Up

Outlook

1. Model HDA and directed spaces as coalgebras, which requires Vietories-like functor on **Top** or simplicial sets
2. Integration with homotopical/model categories (so-called enriched homotopy theory)
3. Higher coalgebra in quasicategories
4. General theory of coalgebraic modal logic, type theory and obstruction theory via (co)homology
5. Reconciliation with directed approaches¹⁸
6. Various questions on enriched fibrations (Grothendieck constructions, relations, adjunction lifting)
7. Integration with type theory (synthetic $(\infty, 1)$ -categories, possibly directed)

¹⁸ Jérémy Dubut, Eric Goubault, and Jean Goubault-Larrecq. “The Directed Homotopy Hypothesis”. In: *25th EACSL Annual Conference on Computer Science Logic (CSL 2016)*. Ed. by Jean-Marc Talbot and Laurent Regnier. Vol. 62. LIPIcs. Schloss Dagstuhl–Leibniz-Zentrum fuer Informatik, 2016, 9:1–9:16. ISBN: 978-3-95977-022-4. DOI: 10.4230/LIPIcs.CSL.2016.9.

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